## Kvaser BlackBird Getting Started Guide



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## 1 About this manual

This manual is intended for Kvaser BlackBird users. It contains a description of the setup programs and detailed instructions of how to connect the device to a wireless network. Basic knowledge about TCP/IP networks is assumed.

This manual applies to Kvaser BlackBird devices listed in Table 1.

Device	Product Number
Kvaser BlackBird SemiPro HS	73-30130-00441-2
Kvaser BlackBird SemiPro HS OBDII	73-30130-00629-4
Kvaser BlackBird SemiPro HS/HS	73-30130-00453-5
Kvaser BlackBird SemiPro 3xHS	73-30130-00446-7
Kvaser BlackBird v2	73-30130-00671-3
Kvaser BlackBird v2 OBDII	73-30130-00675-1
Kvaser BlackBird Pro v2	73-30130-00983-7

Table 1: Kvaser BlackBird devices and their EAN numbers

Throughout this document, we use the name Kvaser BlackBird to mean any one of the different Kvaser BlackBird products listed in Table 1, unless otherwise noted.



## 2 Installation summary

This chapter summarizes the installation and setup steps, connecting to the device in infrastructure mode. You will find detailed information about the different steps in the following chapters.

- 1. Install the driver package (Section 3.1, Installing the drivers, on Page 7)
- 2. Connect your Kvaser BlackBird to the computer via the USB cable.
- 3. Start the parameter setting program (Section 6.1, Starting the configuration program, on Page 16) and configure at a minimum:
  - (a) The network name(Section 6.3, Selecting WLAN network, on Page 19)
  - (b) The network passphrase (Section 6.4, Setting WLAN keys and security, on Page 21)
  - (c) Decide whether to use DHCP or a static IP number (Section 6.5, Network setup and device name, on Page 24)
- 4. Save the configuration (Section 6.7, Save the configuration, on Page 27).
- 5. Verify that the WLAN connection works (Section 6.8, Verifying the WLAN connection, on Page 27).
- 6. Disconnect the USB cable and supply external power to the Kvaser BlackBird (Section 6.9, Supplying external power to the device, on Page 30).
- 7. Check the LED indicators (Section 10.1, Check the LEDs, on Page 42).
- 8. Start the Kvaser Network Device Selector program (Section 7.1, Starting the Kvaser Network Device Selector, on Page 31).
- 9. Connect to the device (Section 7.2, Selecting the device you want to use, on Page 31).
- 10. The new remote CAN device should now be visible in Kvaser Device Guide (Section 8, Using Kvaser BlackBird from your software, on Page 34).



## 3 Driver installation

Please visit www.kvaser.com/download to download the latest versions of drivers, software and documentation.

## 3.1 Installing the drivers

Install version 5.6 or later of the Kvaser CAN drivers by running kvaser\_drivers\_setup.exe.



Figure 1: Kvaser CAN Drivers Installation Wizard.

After installing the drivers, plug in your Kvaser BlackBird into a free USB port on your computer.

The "Found New Hardware" wizard in Windows will now start. Complete it as usual.

## 3.2 Verifying driver installation

Check that the Kvaser BlackBird is connected via the USB cable to the computer.

Go to the Control Panel and start Kvaser Device Guide, which is located under "Hardware and Sound", see Figure 2 on Page 8.

Your Kvaser BlackBird should be visible in the list of devices, see Figure 3 on Page 8.



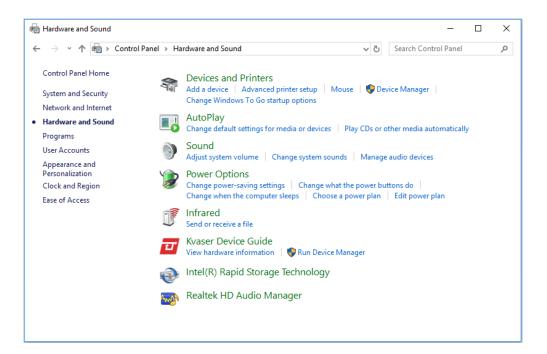
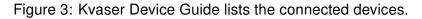


Figure 2: Starting Kvaser Device Guide from the Control Panel.

<ul> <li>         Hardware         Kvaser Leaf Light HS         Kvaser Leaf SemiPro HS         Kvaser BlackBird v2         Kvaser Virtual CAN Driver     </li> </ul>	Device Name	Canlib Channel 2	Serial Number 10545	
	Item General Information	Value		
	Device Name	Kvaser BlackBird v2		
	Manufacturer	Kvaser Kvaser		
	Device EAN	73-30130-00671-3		
	Serial Number	10545		
	Firmware Version	3.14.832		
	Detailed Information			
	Card Number	3		
	Hardware Type	64		
	Manufacturing Date	14 June 2017		
	PCB Revision	671-717v5.1		
	DLL File Version	8.28.847.0		
	DLL Product Version	5.28.0.0		
	Driver File Version	8.28.847.0		
	Driver Product Version	5.28.0.0		





## 4 Network operational modes

The Kvaser BlackBird is normally connected to a computer via an access point (AP), this is referred to as infrastructure mode. The Kvaser BlackBird may also be connected directly to a computer using either ad-hoc mode or the "Wireless Hosted Network" feature of the computer.

Windows 8 no longer support ad-hoc mode, instead use the replacement (introduced in Windows 7) called "Wireless Hosted Network". In this mode, you configure the Kvaser BlackBird in the same way as for infrastructure mode.

## 4.1 Ad-hoc mode

Ad-hoc mode is not supported in Windows 8 and later. It's successor, called "Wireless hosted network" or "virtualization", is supported from windows 7. See Section 4.3, Wireless hosted network, on Page 11 for more information.

In ad-hoc mode, you are connecting the Kvaser BlackBird directly to a computer. Therefore, you must assign static IP addresses to the Kvaser BlackBird and to the computer.

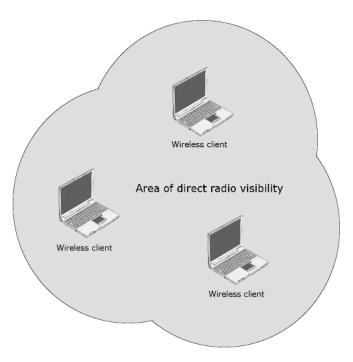


Figure 4: Ad-hoc mode.

If you are going to use ad-hoc mode, you should read Section 9, Configuring host computer, on Page 35 and configure your computer before continuing.



Ad-hoc mode is limited to a maximum speed of 11 Mbit/s (maximum speed required by the IEEE 802.11 standard for ad-hoc mode). Still, 11 Mbit/s is likely enough for most real-world one-way CAN traffic, as long as you are reasonably alone on the channel and there is not too much radio interference.

Note that most network cards only support WEP-64 and WEP-128 encryption in ad-hoc mode.

## 4.2 Infrastructure mode

If you are using an AP (Access Point), you should connect the Kvaser BlackBird in infrastructure mode.

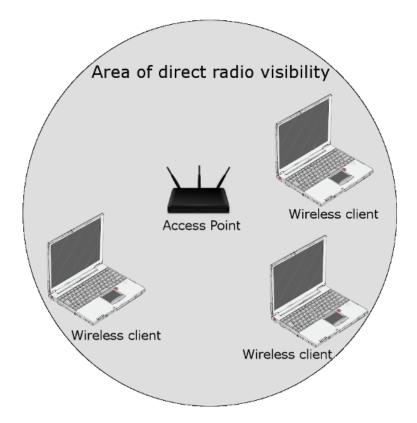


Figure 5: Infrastructure mode.

In this case, your network probably has a DHCP server running. If your network does not have a DHCP server, you will need to assign a static IP address to your Kvaser BlackBird. You should consult with your network manager to determine what IP address and Subnet mask should be used.



#### 4.3 Wireless hosted network

When using Wireless hosted networks, your computer is simulating an Access Point so others can connect to it using Infrastructure mode even though you are connecting directly to the computer.

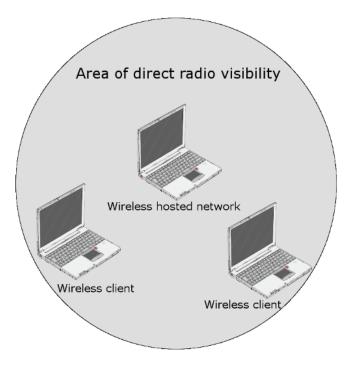


Figure 6: Direct connection using Wireless hosted network.

If you are using the "Wireless Hosted Network", you should connect the Kvaser BlackBird in infrastructure mode.

In this case, your computer typically have a DHCP server running and you will not have to assign static IP addresses.

See Section 9.2, Setting up Wireless Hosted Network on your computer, on Page 36 for more information.



# 5 Quick start using Wi-Fi pairing tool

If you just would like to connect your Kvaser BlackBird directly to a single host PC which has support for Wi-Fi Direct, the recommended way is to use the Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool. This will set up Wireless hosted network on the host PC and configure the Kvaser BlackBird to connect to it.

## 5.1 Initial network setup

The easiest way to get started is to use the Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool to pair your Kvaser BlackBird with a host PC that supports Wi-Fi Direct.

Connect the Kvaser BlackBird to a free USB port on your PC or externally powered USB hub and start the Kvaser Device Guide, which was installed together with the drivers and can be found in the Windows Control Panel.

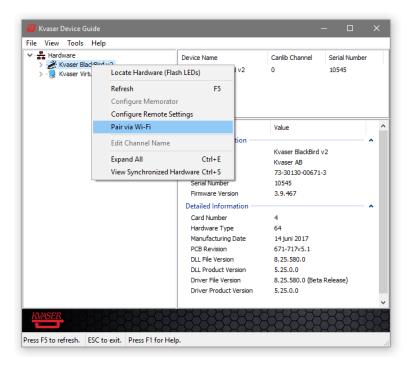


Figure 7: Right click on the Kvaser BlackBird in Kvaser Device Guide and select "Pair via Wi-Fi" to start Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool.

There are some basic configurations that you can change while configuring the Kvaser BlackBird, these are available on the configuration tab in the Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool (see Figure 8 on Page 13) and include setting the Geographical Region.

Start the pairing process by clicking the "Pair Device and PC" button under the Status tab in the Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool. The complete configuration process may take 40 seconds to complete, and during that time both the host PC and Kvaser BlackBird will be configured, and the connection will also be tested.



(0) Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairin	g Tool — 🗆 X
<u>F</u> ile <u>A</u> dvanced <u>H</u> e	lp
Status Configuration	
SSID	KV-WiFiDirect-BEJLA
Geographical Region	World $\checkmark$
Hostname	kv-06713-010545
Device Name	WiFiDirect-06713-010545
Network Security	
Change Passphr	ase
Network Accessibilit	у
Public	
○ Protected	
○ Private	Change Password
Configuration Prote	ction
Protected	Change Password
Advanced Settings	
Force use of H	osted Network

Figure 8: Some configurations are available under the Configuration tab in the Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool.



Note that some PC firewalls may interfere with the automatic detection of the newly configured Kvaser BlackBird and needs to be turned off to complete the last step, "Waiting for device to respond via Wi-Fi".

Now that the Kvaser BlackBird has been successfully paired with the host PC, you should remove the Kvaser BlackBird from the USB port and apply power to the CAN connector instead. The device will now turn up as a "Remote" device inside the Kvaser Device Guide, see Figure 11 on Page 15.

For information about how to set up a WLAN connection to the Kvaser BlackBird, see the Kvaser BlackBird Getting Started Guide.



(0) Kvaser Wi-Fi Pai	ring Tool — 🗆 X
<u>File A</u> dvanced <u>I</u>	<u>H</u> elp
Status Configuratio	n
Device Information	1
Device:	Kvaser BlackBird v2
Canlib Channel:	0
Serial Number:	10545
Device EAN:	73-30130-00671-3
Remote Type:	Wi-Fi
Connection Status	
Status:	-
Speed:	-
IP Address:	-
Signal Strength:	-
Soft Access Point	
Status:	Running
Wi-Fi:	Not available
	Pair Device and PC

Figure 9: In the Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool, click "Pair Device and PC" to start the pairing sequence.

	Advanced				
	Configuratio				
Dev	ice Information	1			
ormatic	n				$\times$
	he pairing wa	as successful. Ap	plication v	vill be cl	osed
					ОК
St	atus:	Online			
		26 Mbit/s			
IP	Address:	192.168.137.52			
Sig	gnal Strength:			-58 d	IBm
Sof	t Access Point				
St	atus:	Running			
w	i-Fi:	KV-WiFiDirect-BE	JLA		
			Pair Dev	/ice and F	°C

Figure 10: The Kvaser Wi-Fi Pairing Tool have successfully configured our Kvaser BlackBird.



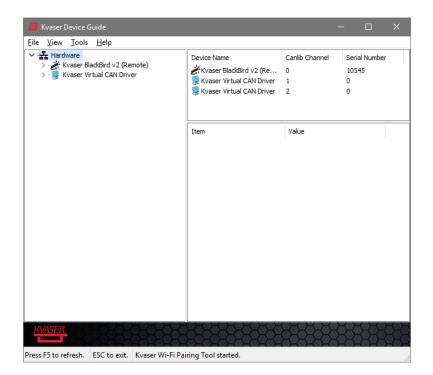


Figure 11: The Kvaser BlackBird is marked as (Remote) to denote that it is now connected via Wi-Fi.



# 6 Configuring the Kvaser BlackBird

Check that your Kvaser BlackBird is connected via the USB cable to your computer and start the configuration program.

## 6.1 Starting the configuration program

Start the Kvaser Device Guide and select "Remote Device Configuration" under the Tools menu. This will start the Kvaser Remote Device Configuration program used to configure the Kvaser BlackBird. All configuration changes will be saved in the device's flash memory.

## 6.2 Identifying your Kvaser BlackBird

When you start Kvaser Remote Device Configuration, you will be presented with a list of found devices, see Figure 12.

Select Device					
Select device to work v	vith				
Device	S/N Lo	cation/Hostname	Status		
Kvaser BlackBird v2	17	USB port 6			
				Search Hostname (optional):	
				Search Remote Devices	
< Back Next >	X Cancel	? Help	]		

Figure 12: Kvaser Remote Device Configuration starting up.

Select your device in the list and click Next.

If you have more than one Kvaser BlackBird in the list, you can identify a specific unit by the serial number that is printed on the back of the unit. You can also identify a Kvaser BlackBird by right-clicking on it in the list and selecting "Locate Hardware (Flash LEDs)". The LEDs on the selected device will now flash momentarily.



If your device does not show up in the list of devices, make sure you have connected the unit properly to your USB port. Check that you have installed the drivers and that the Kvaser BlackBird is recognised by the Kvaser Device Guide program as described in Section 3.2, Verifying driver installation, on Page 7.

The first time you connect to the device, the message shown in Figure 13.

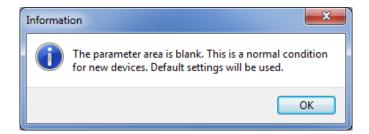


Figure 13: The device parameters are initially blank.

Your Kvaser BlackBird ships without any passwords set. (If you decide to set a password, you will be asked for it next time you connect to the device. In that case, enter the password and click Finish.) For more information about setting a device password, see Section 6.6, Setting device accessibility, on Page 26

Once you have connected the Kvaser BlackBird to the computer and started Kvaser Remote Device Configuration, you will be shown the Status tab, see Figure 14 on Page 18. If you have not configured a connection, the display will show Connection Status as Not Connected.



	er Remote Device Con		
Statu	s <u>C</u> onfiguration <u>S</u> e	ecurity <u>N</u> etwork <u>A</u> ccessibility Se <u>t</u> tir	ngs <u>I</u> nfo
	50	Harry -	
	Current Settings		
	Network Name (SSID)	)	
	Network Mode	Infrastructure	
	Channel	6	
	Encryption	Open	
	Connection		
	Connection Status	Not connected	
	Connection Speed		
	Roundtrip Time		
	Signal Strength		_
	Signal Su engui		
			Apply
Not con			

Figure 14: Status tab in Kvaser Remote Device Configuration.



#### 6.3 Selecting WLAN network

You will now enter the name of the WLAN network you are connecting the Kvaser BlackBird to. Go to the Configuration tab, see Figure 15.

Kvaser Remote Device Configuration	
Status Configuration Security Network Accessibility Settin	gs Info
Configuration Settings	
SSID Kvaser	
Operational Mode Infrastructure	•
Channel Search All Channels	
1	<b></b>
Geographical Region* Europe (ETSI)	<b></b>
Browse Netv	vorks
Roaming Settings	
Choose	
Roaming Threshold 80	
It might not be legal to select a different region than the region of operation country isn't listed in the combobox, plase check with your local government	i. If your it.
	Apply
Connected	

Figure 15: Configuration tab in Kvaser Remote Device Configuration.

Make sure that Geographical Region is set to the correct value. This field ensures that the antenna power and available channels are set according to the specified regulatory domain.

The built in Network Browser provides the easiest way to connect to a network. Note however that it should only be used when the unit is connected through USB. When using ad-hoc mode, make sure you have performed the setup steps described in Section 9, Configuring host computer, on Page 35. Press the Browse Networks button.

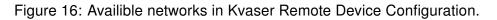
#### 6.3.1 Currently available networks

This window accumulates all visible networks, see Figure 16 on Page 20. To clear the list of obsolete networks, you must close this window and then re-open it. Whenever a network is detected its signal strength is shown next to the network's



name. In order to get a stable connection, the signal strength should be better than -70 dBm (as a rule of thumb, -70 dBm is weak, -60 dBm is fair, -50 dBm is good, and -40 dBm is strong).

Kvaser	-48 dBm		
mywlan KvaserNet3 Kvaser SBredband_F8AEDF Vi7 Kvaser SWT-WLAN KvaserTest1 TeliaGateway24-EC-99-23 EH-Konsult 2415WLAN	-62 dBm           afi         -68 dBm           afi         -70 dBm           afi         -66 dBm           afi         -88 dBm           afi         -82 dBm           afi         -84 dBm           afi         -84 dBm           afi         -84 dBm	SSID Signal Strength Channel MAC Address Operational Mode Security	Kvaser -48 dbm 11 06:27:22:fd:ed:53 Infrastruture WPA2: G-AES (PSK) P1-AES
tomatic Update (	Update Now	L	



Wait for your network to show up among the Currently Available Networks. The scanning process can take a little while, so please be patient. When you select the network you would like to connect to, more detailed information about the network is shown in the right pane.

When using ad-hoc mode, make sure the computer is still connected (i.e. a time-out has not disconnected the computer from the network).

Once the desired network is selected, click "Select" and you will be informed that some network specific settings will be copied to your configuration setting. The copied settings include the SSID value, the Operational Mode, and the Encryption Mode. The "Search All Channels" will also be enabled. Click OK to allow the copying of these values.

#### 6.3.2 Multiple APs in a network

You will notice that the same network is listed more than once if you have multiple APs within range. You can identify a specific AP on a network by selecting the network and noting the MAC Address shown in the right pane. Multiple APs within a single network may also use different channels. The current channel is also shown in the right pane.

Normally you will be connected to the AP with the strongest signal strength within a given network. You may override this by manually selecting which channel to use on the Configuration Tab.



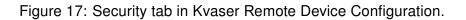
#### 6.3.3 Roaming settings

In situations where you know that device will need to roam to another access point, you may want to specify roaming settings. Kvaser BlackBird doesn't roam by default. However, you may turn roaming on by checking 'Enable Roaming' checkbox. In this case, you should also specify which channels the device can roam. If none channels are provided, device will attempt to use default channels, which are 1, 6 and 11 for Kvaser BlackBird. Another value that device needs to know is roaming threshold. It can takes values from 0 to 100 (0 to -100 dBm accordingly) and means the signal strength at which Kvaser BlackBird will consider roaming.

## 6.4 Setting WLAN keys and security

On the Configuration tab you now have a valid SSID, a correct Operational Mode and Channel setting. In order to connect, you also need to specify the Encryption key used by the network. This is done on the Security tab.

💥 Kvaser Remote Device C	Configuration
Status <u>C</u> onfiguration	Security Network Accessibility Settings Info
Encryption	
Encryption Mode	WPA2-PSK
	Group Encryption Pairwise Encryption
	AES
WEP Keys	
0	
Expanded WF	РАКеу
Expanded WF	PA2 Key
	Passphrase
Authentication	
Authentication	Open system v
Addientication	Open system V
<u></u>	
	V OK Cancel Apply
Not connected	



The Encryption mode is already copied when you selected the network, but you



can here specify one of the following Encryption modes:

- Open, or "plain text"
- WEP (64-bit)
- WEP (128-bit)
- WPA with PSK (Pre-shared key) and TKIP encryption
- WPA2 with PSK (Pre-shared key) and AES encryption

If you choose an encryption mode other than Open, you should also use the "Passphrase..." button to generate the encryption keys used. When using WEP, you should also specify the Authentication algorithm used. If you don't know what encryption mode to select, please read the following sections or ask your network manager.

You may also override the Group and Pairwise Encryptions used (TKIP or AES).



Encryption keys will, for security reasons, never be read from the device, so these fields will be empty whenever you connect to a device, regardless of if they are set or not.

#### 6.4.1 Open, or "plain text"

This Encryption mode means that all data is transferred unencrypted. This is only recommended for initial setup or debugging connection issues.

#### 6.4.2 WEP-64 or WEP-128

When using WEP-64, you must provide a 40-bit-key in hexadecimal format (i.e. 10 hexadecimal digits). For WEP-128 you need a 104-bit-key. There is room for up to 4 keys to be entered. You may also use a passphrase to generate the WEP keys, see Section 6.4.6, Using passphrase to generate keys, on Page 23. Use the radio buttons to the left of the keys to select the key that will be used.

#### 6.4.3 About static WEP keys

Some rules for setting up WEP:

- The Kvaser BlackBird must have one of the WEP keys specified on the AP in order to decode data sent from the AP to the Kvaser BlackBird.
- The AP must have all of the Kvaser BlackBird's keys so the AP can decode transmissions from the Kvaser BlackBird to the AP.
- The key must occupy the same slot on all nodes (AP and Kvaser BlackBirds). For example, if the AP defines abc123 as WEP key number 3, then the Kvaser BlackBirds must define that same string as WEP key 3.



#### 6.4.4 Authentication algorithm

When using WEP encryption, you can choose the Authentication algorithm:

- Open system means any station may connect to the AP whether that client station has the correct WEP key or not. This algorithm is also used in WPA and WPA2 encryption modes.
- Shared key authentication requires the client station to have the correct WEP key in order to associate with the access point.

Even though a client station is allowed to associate with an access point, this does not ensure the client can exchange traffic with that access point. A station must have the correct WEP key in order to successfully access and decrypt data from an access point, and to transmit readable data to the access point.

#### 6.4.5 WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK

Both WPA and WPA2 use Pre-Shared Keys (PSK). WPA-PSK uses the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). WPA2-PSK uses Counter mode/CBC-MAC Protocol which uses the Advanced Encryption Algorithm (AES).

#### 6.4.6 Using passphrase to generate keys

Instead of entering the security keys in hexadecimal format, you may use a Passphrase. Click on the Passphrase button and a Generate keys window will open, see Figure 18 on Page 24. This window will allow you to enter a pass phrase and select which types of keys you would like to generate.

For WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK encryption modes, the key generation is based upon the network SSID, so make sure that the correct network name is entered in the SSID field.



Generate keys
Show passphrase in clear text
Enter a passphrase to generate the keys:
•••••
Reenter the passphrase:
•••••
The WPA and WPA2 keys are based on the SSID.
SSID: Kvaser
Generate keys for
The passphrase is used to generate keys for these encryption modes:
WEP WPA WPA2
V OK Cancel

Figure 18: Generating network keys.

## 6.5 Network setup and device name

We should now configure an appropriate Device name and choose an address assignment method. This is done under the Network tab, see Figure 19 on Page 25.

If you are not sure about your network's configuration, check with your network manager. In infrastructure mode, the default selection of DHCP (automatic IP address assignment) will be the desired selection. If your network requires a static IP address, you will need to manually enter the IP address, network mask, and gateway IP address. When using static IP, see Section 9.1, Setting static IP on your computer, on Page 35 for details on how to set a static IP on your computer.

In the Device Name box, you can enter a descriptive name of the device. This name will be visible when you browse the network using the tool described in Section 7, Selecting the device from the network, on Page 31.

Clicking on the Apply or OK button will save the configuration to your Kvaser BlackBird and restart it. You may edit more than one tab before clicking Apply/OK.



Kvaser Remote Device Con	figuration
Status Configuration Se	curity Network Accessibility Settings Info
Network Settings	
Use DHCP	
🔘 Use Static IP	
IP	169 . 254 . 56 . 130
Mask	255 . 255 . 0 . 0
Gateway	169 . 254 . 1 . 1
Device Name Kva	ser Remote #17
	V OK Cancel Apply

Figure 19: Network tab in Kvaser Remote Device Configuration.



#### 6.6 Setting device accessibility

On the Accessibility tab (see Figure 20) you can optionally set two different passwords to protect your device.

- 1. A network connection password. When set, it is required each time a computer tries to connect to the Kvaser BlackBird. This password prevents unauthorized network access to your Kvaser BlackBird.
- 2. A flash parameter password. When set, it is required each time you or someone else wants to read or change the parameters in the flash memory of the Kvaser BlackBird.

If you forget your flash parameter password, you have the option to reset the password when you connect the Kvaser BlackBird. However, this reset will also erase all settings back to the factory default values.

Kvaser Remote Device Configuration	
Status Configuration Security Network Accessibility Settin	gs <u>I</u> nfo
Network Accessibility	
Public (visible for all, no password to connect)	
Protected (visible for all, password needed to connect)	
$\bigcirc$ Private (invisible, password needed to connect)	
Connection Password	
Flash Parameter Password	
No password	
0	
Deserved Destant and Destant	
Password Protect my Device	
Password Protect my Device Change Password	
Change Password	

Figure 20: Accessibility tab in Kvaser Remote Device Configuration.

The network accessibility can be set to any one of the following three modes:



- **Public** The device is visible to and usable by anyone on the network, and no password is required to connect.
- **Protected** The device is visible in the network setup program, but it cannot be used from a computer without supplying the network connection password.
- **Private** The device is not visible in the network setup program. Anyone who wants to use it must know its network address and must supply the network connection password.

### 6.7 Save the configuration

The device is now configured. Save the parameters to the device by clicking the Apply button. The device will restart. After about 5-10 s you should see the device trying to connect to the WLAN in the status bar.

### 6.8 Verifying the WLAN connection

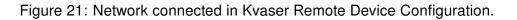
When connecting to the computer in ad-hoc mode, make sure that the computer is still connected (i.e. a timeout has not caused the computer to disconnect from the network). Returning to the Status tab, see Figure 21 on Page 28:

- 1. The connection status should become Connected.
- 2. The connection speed should be between 1 and 54 Mbit/s (ad-hoc is supporting max 11 Mbit/s) depending on the received signal strength and data amount to be sent.
- 3. The signal strength should be better than -75 dBm.

You may want to check the Info tab as well, see Figure 22 on Page 29, and verify that the "Device IP Address" is a valid address on your network.



😹 Kvaser Remote Device Confi	guration	- • ×
Stat <u>u</u> s <u>C</u> onfiguration <u>S</u> ect	urity <u>N</u> etwork <u>A</u> ccessibility Se <u>t</u> ting:	s <u>I</u> nfo
20		
Current Settings		
Network Name (SSID)	Kvaser	
Network Mode	Infrastructure	
Channel	11	
Encryption	WPA2-PSK (G-AES   AES)	
Connection		
Connection Status	Connected	
Connection Speed	52 Mbit/s	
Roundtrip Time	5 ms (68/1) (max/min)	
Signal Strength		-35 dBm
	V OK Cancel	Apply
Connected		





Status	<u>C</u> onfiguration	Security	Network	Accessit	bility	Se <u>t</u> tings	Info
_ Infi	ormation						
1110	ormauorr						
:	Setting	Value			Туре	2	
1	Device EAN	73-30	130-00671-	3	Devi	ce	
(	CANLIB Channel	2			Devi	ce	
1	Device Serial number	17			Devi	ce	
1	Firmware Version	2.3.8	08		Versi	ion	
1	Device Name	Kvase	er Remote #	17	Netv	vork	
1	Hostname	kv-06	713-000017		Netv	vork	
(	Config Version	2			Conf	iguration	
1	SSID	Kvase	er		Conf	iguration	
(	Operational Mode	Infra	structure		Conf	iguration	
1	Jsing Channel	11				iguration	
1	Max Power	16			Conf	iguration	
1	ink Adaption	On			Conf	iguration	
	MTU	1492			TCP/		
1	Port	11416	5		TCP/	ΊP	
	Encryption	WPA2	2-PSK (G-AES	AES)	Secu	rity	
	Network Setting	DHCP			Netv		
	Parameter Password	No				ssibility	
	Connection Password	No				ssibility	
	Device Visible	Yes				ssibility	
	Mac Address		:45:02:00:1	1	Devi		
	Device Uses DHCP	Yes			Devi		
	Device IP Address	10.0.			Devi		
	Device Netmask		255.0.0		Devi		
	Device Gateway	10.0.	2.21		Devi	ce	
				ОК	X	Cancel	Appl

Figure 22: Info tab in Kvaser Remote Device Configuration.



### 6.9 Supplying external power to the device

Before you can start using your Kvaser BlackBird, you have to end the Kvaser Remote Device Configuration and remove the device from USB.

Don't forget to supply external power to the device. See your Kvaser BlackBird user's guide for more information.



## 7 Selecting the device from the network

### 7.1 Starting the Kvaser Network Device Selector

The next step is to see if the device can be spotted on the network. This is done through the Kvaser Device Guide using the Network Device Selector, which is located under the Tools menu.

## 7.2 Selecting the device you want to use

When Kvaser Network Device Selector is started, a list of discovered devices will be shown.

ž	Kvaser N	Network De	evice Selecto	ĸ							- C X	5
Refi	<b>⊈5</b> iresh list	Connect	Add	Properties	Remove	? Help						
N	lame			D	evice EAN	Serial Number	IP Address	Hostname	Connect			
1	Etherca	an #5		73-30130	0-00713-0	5	10.0.3.13	lv-07130-000005	Yes			
	≚ Kvaser				0-00713-0	6	10.0.3.33	kv-07130-000006	No			
	Kvaser	Remote #1	7	73-30130	0-00671-3	17	10.0.3.35	kv-06713-000017	No	)		
	Device is f	ree.										
P	ublic, no	password re	equired. Firm	ware V2.03.80	8.							
s	ervice: S	tate=12 (ST	TANDBY)									
												4

Figure 23: Detected remote devices in Kvaser Network Device Selector.

Your device should appear in the list of discovered devices, see Figure 23, select it and click the "Connect" button.

You may need to press the "Refresh list" button to update the list. The value in the Connect column should be "Yes" for your device.

When you select a device from the list in the Kvaser Network Device Selector window, status information about the connection will be displayed in the lower half of the window, see Figure 24 on Page 32

In Figure 24 on Page 32, we can see that the device is being configured via USB. This makes it unavailable for remote network useage. We can also see that the service isn't running on the local machine. It must be started before a connection can be made.

If the connection status is "Device is being configured...", close the Kvaser Remote Device Configuration program from the previous section (and unplug the device from the computer's USB port).



🕼 🔍 🔶 🛉 fresh list Connect 🕴 Add	Properties Remove	? Help				
Name	Device EAN	Serial Number	IP Address	Hostname	Connect	
🖄 Ethercan #5	73-30130-00713-0	5	10.0.3.13	lv-07130-000005	Yes	
💑 Kvaser Device 6	73-30130-00713-0	6		kv-07130-000006	No	
Kvaser Remote #17	73-30130-00671-3	17	10.0.3.35	kv-06713-000017	No	
Device is connected via USB and c		vork at this time.				

Figure 24: Verifying connection status in Kvaser Network Device Selector.

If the connection status is "Device is connected via USB...", unplug the device from the computer's USB port.

Don't forget to supply external power to the device, see Section 6.9, Supplying external power to the device, on Page 30.

## 7.3 Finding new hardware

The Network Enumerator Service will now discover the device and the driver will be installed.

If the driver was not installed, make sure that the Network Enumerator Service is running by going to Control Panel -> Administrative Tools -> Services. Locate KvEnumSrv and check the status.

## 7.4 Verifying connection status

Figure 25 on Page 33 shows what it looks like when the connection is established. Our device, "Kvaser Remote #17", is connected to the computer Gram.kvaser.se at network address 10.0.3.35. The device driver service says CONNECTION UP, which means that the driver is installed and the computer is connected.



⊈5 tefresh list	Connect	Add	Properties	Remove	? Help					
Name			D	evice EAN	Serial Number	IP Address	Hostname	Connect		
Ethero	Ethercan #5 73-30130-00713-0		5	10.0.3.13	lv-07130-000005	Yes				
🖄 Kvaser	Device 6		73-30130	-00713-0	6	10.0.3.33	kv-07130-000006	No		
Kvaser	Remote #17		73-30130	-00671-3	17	10.0.3.35	kv-06713-000017	Yes	7	
	10.0.3.23 (Gra									 

Figure 25: Connection with the device have been established.



# 8 Using Kvaser BlackBird from your software

You can use the Kvaser BlackBird from any program that uses the CANlib API. You can view the channel information in Kvaser Device Guide by selecting a channel under the Kvaser BlackBird (Remote), see Figure 26.

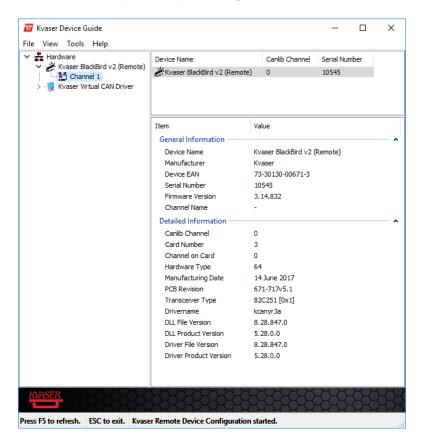


Figure 26: Channel information in Kvaser Hardware.



# 9 Configuring host computer

When connecting the Kvaser BlackBird directly to a computer, using either ad-hoc or Wireless Hosted Network, you must configure the computer. This configuration includes setting up a static IP (see Section 9.1 Setting static IP on your computer) and the wireless network (see Section 9.2, Setting up Wireless Hosted Network on your computer, on Page 36 or Section 9.3, Setting up an ad-hoc network on your computer, on Page 39).

If you are using infrastructure mode and DHCP, you can skip this chapter.

### 9.1 Setting static IP on your computer

To connect to the Kvaser BlackBird in ad-hoc mode or via a Wireless Hosted Network, you most likely need to set a static IP address and Subnet mask on your computer.

The IP address and net mask must be set so that the computer and Kvaser BlackBird can talk to each other. You can do this by using the following example:

	Kvaser BlackBird	Computer
IP address:	192.168.20.21	192.168.20.5
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	192.168.20.5	192.168.20.5

Table 2: Example of Static IP settings

The example in Table 2 may or may not be usable on your network (check this with the person responsible for your network), but it is important to put the Kvaser BlackBird and the computer on the same subnet by:

- 1. Give them different IP addresses.
- 2. Give them the same Subnet mask.
- 3. Give them the same Default gateway, most likely you can use the IP address of the computer as gateway.

This is how you would configure the computer in Windows 7, see Figure 27 on Page 36:

- 1. Open up the Network Connections (Start->Control Panel->View network status and tasks->Change adapter settings)
- 2. Select the wireless network connection you want to use for the Kvaser BlackBird communication. Right click and select Properties.
- 3. In the Wireless Network Connection Properties, scroll down the list and select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4). Click on the properties button.



- 4. In the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties you should select "Use the following IP address" and enter your static IP address and subnet mask. The Kvaser BlackBird is currently not accessing any DNS server, so you may leave these fields empty.
- 5. Click OK
- 6. Click Close to apply the new settings.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties ? X						
General							
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.							
Obtain an IP address automaticall	у						
• Use the following IP address:							
IP address:	192.168.20.5						
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0						
Default gateway:	192 . 168 . 20 . 21						
Obtain DNS server address autom	atically						
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:						
Preferred DNS server:							
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	· · ·						
Validate settings upon exit	Ad <u>v</u> anced						
	OK Cancel						

Figure 27: Setting static IP in Windows 7.

### 9.2 Setting up Wireless Hosted Network on your computer

Windows 7 introduced "Wireless Hosted Network" as a replacement for ad-hoc network and is configured from the command prompt.

Start by opening a command prompt as administrator. On Windows 7, type cmd into the Start Menu search box, right click cmd.exe and select "Run as administrator", see Figure 28 on Page 37.

Now verify that your wi-fi network card is capable of running a hosted network by running:

C:\>netsh wlan show drivers

It should show "Hosted network supported: Yes", see Figure 29 on Page 37.

To set up the hosted network type:



est cmd.exe			
ocume	Open		
	Run as administrator		
cmd cmd	7-Zip	•	
📕 cmd	Scan for Viruses		
🃕 cmd	Copy Long UNC Path		
xsvf_	Path Copy	•	
📄 builc 葱	WinMerge		
pron	Pin to Taskbar		
pron	Pin to Start Menu		
cmd	Restore previous versions		
cmd	Send to	•	
in epsz i fonti	Cut		
🚳 pdf2	Сору		
🚳 pf2a	Delete		
See mo	Open file location		
cmd	Properties		down ▶

Figure 28: Starting command prompt as administrator.

Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cr	md.exe
:\Windows\system32>netsh wla	n show drivers
nterface name: Wireless Netw	ork Connection 2
Driver	: NETGEAR WNA1100 N150 Wireless USB Adapter
Vendor	: Netgear Inc.
Provider	: Atheros Communications Inc.
Date	: 2010-10-11
Version	: 2.0.0.57
INF file	: C:\Windows\INF\oem41.inf
Files	: 1 total
	C:\Windows\system32\DRIVERS\athurx.sys
Туре	: Native Wi-Fi Driver
Radio types supported	: 802.11b 802.11g 802.11n
FIPS 140-2 mode supported	
Hosted network supported	: Yes
nuclencication and cipner	supported in infrastructure mode: Open None
	Open None Open WEP-40bit
	Shared WEP-40bit
	Open WEP-104bit
	Shared WEP-104bit
	Open WEP
	Shared WEP
	WPA-Enterprise TKIP
	WPA-Personal TKIP
	WPA2-Enterprise TKIP
	WPA2-Personal TKIP
	Vendor defined TKIP
	WPA2-Enterprise Vendor defined
	Vendor defined Vendor defined
	WPA-Enterprise CCMP
	WPA-Personal CCMP
	WPA2-Enterprise CCMP
	Vendor defined CCMP
	WPA2-Enterprise Vendor defined
	Vendor defined Vendor defined
	WPA2-Personal CCMP
	Vendor defined Vendor defined
Huthentication and cipher	supported in ad-hoc mode: Open None
	Open None Open WEP-40bit
	Open WEP-104bit
	Open WEP
	WPA2-Personal CCMP
	Vendor defined Vendor defined
	vontes tos indu vontos dos indu
\Windows\system32>	

Figure 29: Wireless adapter supports hosted network.



C:\>netsh wlan **set** hostednetwork mode=allow ssid=mynet key="passphrase"

Hosted Networks automatically uses WPA2-PSK (AES) encryption and the key must be between 8 to 63 ASCII characters. In addition, wireless Hosted Networks do not automatically restart after the computer resumes from sleep, hibernate, or restarts. However, if used, a third-party utility might initiate a reconnection.

To start the hosted network, type:

```
C:\>netsh wlan start hostednetwork
```

To stop the hosted network, type:

C:\>netsh wlan stop hostednetwork

See Figure 30 for example output.

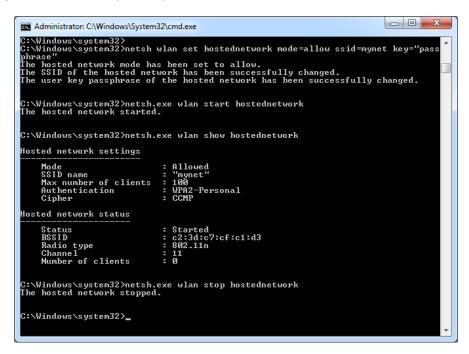


Figure 30: Example of setting up, starting and stopping a hosted network.

Windows will set the IP address of the Wireless Hosted Network to 192.168.173.1 (with netmask 255.255.255.0). This IP may be changed via the registry setting, see Table 3.

Hive	HKEY_LOCAL_MACHIME
Key	\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\SharedAccess\Parameters
Name	ScopeAddress
Name	ScopeAddressBackup
Name	StandaloneDHCPAddress

Table 3: Registry keys for setting IP of Wireless Hosted Network.



The Wireless Hosted Network typically starts a DHCP server, you can verify this by using 'ipconfig /all' and examine the entry for the Hosted network. If you still would like to set a static IP address to the Kvaser BlackBird, see Section 6.5, Network setup and device name, on Page 24.

#### 9.3 Setting up an ad-hoc network on your computer

If you want to connect to your Kvaser BlackBird in ad-hoc mode, you need to configure your network card for connecting to an Ad-hoc network. Since the ad-hoc network lacks a DHCP server you also need to assign a static IP address first, see Section 9.1, Setting static IP on your computer, on Page 35.



Windows 8 no longer support ad-hoc mode, instead use the replacement (introduced in Windows 7) called "Wireless Hosted Network", see Section 9.2, Setting up Wireless Hosted Network on your computer, on Page 36.

This is how you would set up an ad-hoc network called MyAdHocNet:

- 1. Open up the Network and Sharing center (Start->Control Panel->Network and Sharing Center).
- 2. Click "Set up a new connection or network".
- 3. Scroll down and select "Set up a wireless ad-hoc (computer-to-computer) network" and click Next.
- 4. Set your network name and select Open or WEP as security type. If you selected WEP, also enter a Security key, see Figure 31 on Page 40.

See Section 6.4, Setting WLAN keys and security, on Page 21 for the corresponding settings of the Kvaser BlackBird. The computer and Kvaser BlackBird must have identical settings. If you choose WEP as the encryption method, Windows will allocate the same key for all key indexes. (See Section 6.4.3, About static WEP keys, on Page 22 for more information about keys and key indexes.)

We recommend trying Open network authentication without any data encryption to get the communication with the Kvaser BlackBird working. Later you can repeat this setup adding encryption.

A confirmation dialog will open up and the ad-hoc network is now ready for connection, see Figure 32 on Page 40.



🌀 🙏 Set Up an Ad Hoc N	letwork	
Give your networ	k a name and choose secu	rity options
Network name:	MyAdHocNet	
Security type:	WEP	✓ Help me choose
S <u>e</u> curity key:	secry	Hide characters
☑ Sage this netw	ork	
		<u>N</u> ext Cancel

Figure 31: Setting up ad-hoc network in Windows 7.

ĺ .			
<b>O</b>	靠 Set Up an Ad Hoc Network		
	The MyAdHocNet network is ready to use This network will appear in the list of wireless networks and will stay active until everyone disconnects from it. Give the network name and security key (if any) to people you want to connect to this network.		
	Wireless network name: MyAdHocNet Network security key: ••••••		
	To share files, open <u>Network and Sharing Center</u> in Control Panel and turn on file sharing. Recommended options:		
	😵 Turn on Internet connection sharing		
	Share an Internet connection on an ad hoc network		
		Close	

Figure 32: Setting up ad-hoc network in Windows 7.



#### 9.4 Connecting your computer to the ad-hoc network

View available networks by selecting Start->Control Panel->Network and Internet->Connect to a network, see Figure 33.

Currently connected to:	÷, ^	
Internet access		
Unidentified network No network access	=	
Dial-up and VPN	<b>^</b>	
rt-labs vpn		
Wireless Network Connection 2	^	
MyAdHocNet Waiting for users	$\mathbf{A}$	
ture	2	
Kvaser_demo	lue.	
Kvaser	-11	
Open Network and Sharing Cen	ter	

Figure 33: Selecting wireless network in Windows 7.

If it is not already connected, right click on the network and select "Connect".

Since we haven't configured the Kvaser BlackBird, the computer will not find any devices yet. You can safely leave this running and continue below.

You should now go back to Section 6, Configuring the Kvaser BlackBird, on Page 16.



## 10 Troubleshooting

This section describes what to check if the connection does not work as expected.

#### 10.1 Check the LEDs

The PWR LED (green) should be illuminated.

The WLAN LED (blue):

- LED flashes about once per second (0.8 s period to be exact). Something went wrong during start up. Try disconnecting the CAN and USB connectors and then reconnecting.
- LED gives a steady blue light when connected to the Network Enumerator Service via a network with good signal strength.
- LED gives a slow steady blink (on for about 1.8 s, than off for about 1.8 s) when disconnected from the Network Enumerator Service, but connected to a network with good signal strength.

If the signal strength of the network is poor, the steady part of the WLAN LED signal described in the two cases above will start to blink. The frequency of the blinking will increase as the network connection gets worse. For example, if you have a connection to the Network Enumerator Service like above, but with poor signal quality, you will see a continuously pulsating LED. If you get disconnected from the Network Enumerator Service, the WLAN LED blinking will consist of fast blinking for 1.8 s and then off for 1.8 s.

#### 10.2 Check connected status

The Kvaser Remote Device Configuration program should display "Connected". If not, you may have an authorization problem. Check the WLAN passphrase, security keys, encryption, and authorization mode.

#### 10.3 Check signal strength

The Kvaser Remote Device Configuration program should indicate a signal strength between (circa) –70 dBm and –30 dBm.

#### 10.4 Check WLAN security settings

If the Connection status is something other than Connected in the parameter setter, check:



- WLAN encryption and/or authorization modes must agree with the settings in the WLAN access point. Most corporate networks are probably using WPA or WPA2.
- The key is pre-shared and must be the same in the access point and in the Kvaser BlackBird.
- Check that you have typed in the key or passphrase correctly. The pass phrase is case sensitive.

Check the WLAN encryption and authorization mode with your network administrator. You can also use the Browse networks button in the parameter setter, select the network in question from the list, and see some technical details for that network in the pane to the right.

Some networks may have firewall rules that prevent unknown devices from connecting to the network. Make sure you are allowed to connect.

#### 10.5 Scan for networks

Use the Browse networks button in the parameter setter to check that the WLAN network you want to connect to is listed.

#### 10.6 Check IP number and network mask

If you have opted to use DHCP, check in the Info tab of the parameter setter that a reasonable IP number has been assigned. If you have set a static IP, make sure both the IP number and Network mask are correct.

# 10.7 Check that your computer and Kvaser BlackBird recognize each other (ad-hoc mode)

View available networks by selecting Start->Control Panel->Network and Internet->Connect to a network, see Figure 34 on Page 44.

The status should say Connected.





Figure 34: Selecting wireless network in Windows 7.

#### 10.8 Check channel number when using ad-hoc mode

It is strongly recommended that you follow the steps described in this document to connect to your Kvaser BlackBird in ad-hoc mode. This means; first connect your computer to the ad-hoc network, and then connect the Kvaser BlackBird via the built in Network Browser. This ensures that the correct channel is set (the channel is not set to "Automatic").

Some computer (most notable are computers with Intel 3945abg WLAN chip) only connect to ad-hoc networks on a fixed preset channel. So it can find the Kvaser BlackBird ad-hoc net, but tries to connect to it on its own predefined channel, regardless of which channel the Kvaser BlackBird is using.

If you don't use the built in Network Browser, you must manually make sure that the channel settings of all devices on the ad-hoc network are set to use the same channel number.

#### 10.9 Check the WLAN link with the ping command

If the Kvaser BlackBird shows up in the Kvaser Network Device Selector list, right-click on the device and select Ping (ICMP). If the Kvaser BlackBird is not listed, you can use windows built-in ping program to verify that the Kvaser BlackBird is connected to the network.

On Windows 7, type cmd into the Start Menu search box and press Enter. In the command window that appeared you now enter the ping command. If your Kvaser BlackBird's IP address was set to 192.168.20.21, you should write "ping 192.168.20.21" and hit <Return>, see Figure 35 on Page 45.

If you get a reply, which looks something like the one in Figure 35 on Page 45, you can talk to your Kvaser BlackBird and the WLAN link is working.



C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe	
C:\Users\extmc.KUASER>ping 192.168.20.21	<u>^</u>
Pinging 192.168.20.21 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 192.168.20.21: bytes=32 time=55ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.20.21: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.20.21: bytes=32 time=57ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.20.21: bytes=32 time=34ms TTL=128	
Ping statistics for 192.168.20.21: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 22ms, Maximum = 57ms, Average = 42ms	
C:\Users\extmc.KUASER>	
	Ţ

Figure 35: Checking the WLAN link with ping.

#### 10.10 Connect to the built-in web server

The Kvaser BlackBird has a built-in web server that can be enabled on the Settings tab in the Kvaser Remote Device Configuration tool, see Figure 36 on Page 46.

If the Kvaser BlackBird is listed in the Kvaser Network Device Selector list, right-click on the device and select Connect to web server. Your web browser will open and display a page. This web page is not very interesting. However, if this does not work, you may have some type of firewall problem.

💥 Kvaser Remote Device Cor	nfiguration		- • ×
Status <u>C</u> onfiguration <u>S</u> e	ecurity <u>N</u> etwor	k <u>A</u> ccessibility	Settings Info
Advanced Settings			
Thable Webserver			
-Factory Default Settings -			
WARNING: Resetting will r device settings permanen	remove all tly.		Factory <u>R</u> eset
		🗸 ок 💦 🔪	Cancel Apply
Connected			

Figure 36: Enable webserver for debugging.



#### 10.11 Scan for Kvaser BlackBirds

Using the Kvaser Network Device Selector tool, scan the network once again. Check the LEDs on the Kvaser BlackBird. The INFO LED should flash a few times when scanning is in progress.

#### 10.12 Add the device manually

In the Kvaser Network Device Selector tool, press the "Add" button. The following dialog will appear:

Add Device	<b>X</b>	
Product type (EAN)		
Kvaser BlackBird v2 (73-30130-00671-3)	-	
Serial num <u>b</u> er:		
17		
Address <u>H</u> ostname:		
kv-06713-000017	Default hostname	
IP number: 10 · 0 · 3 · 35	Locate device	
Device name: Kvaser Remote #17		
Connection options		
Connect to this device		
Connection password:		
V OK X Cancel	? Help	

Figure 37: Adding device manually.

If the Kvaser BlackBird is absent from the scan list, you can manually enter the device data here.

- Enter IP number. If you don't know the IP number you should enter the hostname. If you have not set an explicit hostname, you can select the EAN, enter the serial number and use the "Default hostname" button to generate and fill in the default hostname (based on EAN and serial number).
- You can use the "Locate device" button to check whether the device is reachable. (This will also update EAN, serial number and hostname if the device is found.)



- If a different IP number or hostname are found during locating device, there will be a prompt asking if you want to use that information instead.
- Check "Connect to this device" if you want the service to connect to the device whenever it becomes available.
- Enter the network connection password for the device, if needed.

Press OK to apply the settings.

If the device is reachable when you press the "Locate device" button, but it is missing from the scan list until you enter the unit manually, then you probably have a firewall in the computer that is blocking some of the traffic.

#### 10.13 Service status indications

**CONNECTION\_UP** means the service has established a connection to the device.

**STANDBY** means the device is in the list but the service isn't trying to use it.

**UNWILLING** means some type of connection problem. Maybe the device is in use already, maybe it is being configured via USB, or maybe the connection password is wrong.

## 10.14 Disconnect USB cable

The service will not be able to connect to the Kvaser BlackBird under any one of the following conditions:

- 1. The USB cable is connected.
- 2. Someone is configuring the device.
- 3. Another service is already connected to the device.

#### 10.15 Scanning will not detect devices on other IP networks

The scanning process will only detect Kvaser BlackBirds on the local network. If the Kvaser BlackBird you are trying to use is behind a router of any kind, you must add it manually to the list.

## 10.16 Restart the service

This should not normally be necessary, but as a troubleshooting measure you can stop the service and start it again. Use Control Panel -> Administrative Tools -> Services and locate KvEnumSrv.



#### 10.17 Check your firewall

The default port number used by the Kvaser BlackBird is 11416. This port is used for both UDP and TCP and should be open for both incoming and outgoing traffic (both TCP and UDP) on your firewall. The Kvaser Network Device Selector tool might also need authorization from you. Consult your firewall software documentation for how to do this.

#### 10.18 Check for other programs running

If the service indicates a status of CONNECTION\_UP but you can't see the device in Kvaser Hardware, check if the parameter setter program, or any other program using the Kvaser BlackBird, is running (with the exception for the network setup program). If so, close them and try again.



# 11 Version history

Version history for document IN\_98027\_blackbird\_getting\_started:

Revision	Date	Changes
1	2008-04	Original revision
2	2008-05-05	Updated screenshots, layout changes, several
		paragraphs cleaned up.
3	2009-09-25	Minor editorial changes.
4	2011-01-17	Added more info about ad-hoc 11 Mbit/s limit. Added
		more chapters to the Troubleshooting section.
		Updated minimum CAN bus supply voltage. Minor
		editorial changes.
5	2014-01-27	Updated for Windows 7. Changed layout of
		references, figures.
6	2014-04-15	Renumbered pages.
7	2014-08-12	Updated screenshots and description texts.
8	2015-05-13	Added information about roaming settings.
9	2016-09-29	Most Wireless Hosted Networks has a dhcp server
		running.
10	2018-09-13	Added chapter about Wi-Fi pairing tool.
11	2019-06-17	"Kvaser Device Guide" has replaced "Kvaser
		Hardware".
11.1	2019-08-09	Url protocol updated.
11.2	2020-03-24	Figure 3 now showing USB connected device.

